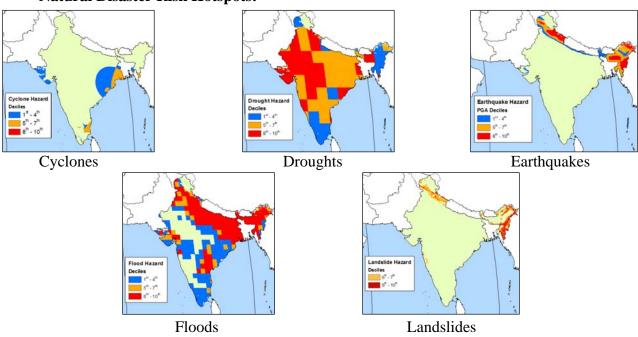
India Natural Disaster Profile

Basic Facts:

Area: 3,287,590 km² GDP (PPP): \$3.033 trillion Coastline: 7,000 km GDP Per Capita: \$2,900

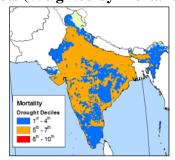
Population: 1,065,070,607 Population Below Poverty Line: 25%

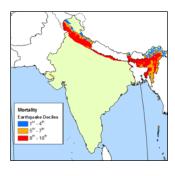
Natural Disaster Risk Hotspots:



Natural Disaster Risk Hotspots (Weighted by Mortality)



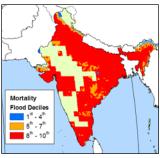




Cyclones

Droughts

Earthquakes



Mortality
Lansilde Deciles

1 **- 4**

5 **- 7**

6 **- 10**

Floods

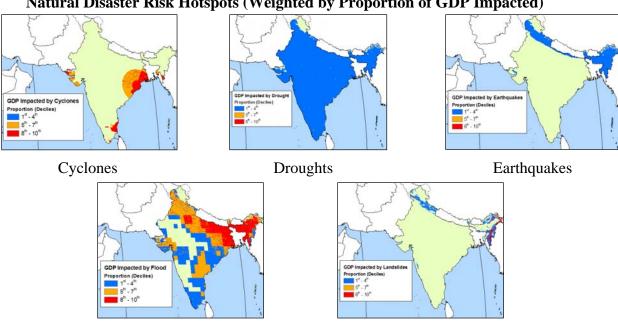
Landslides



EM-DAT Information (1900-2004):

Disaster	# of Events	Total Killed	Avg. # Killed	Total Affected	Avg. # Affected
Cyclone	133	162,986	1226	91,322,407	686,635
Drought	21	4,250,430	202,401	1,391,841,000	66,278,143
Earthquake	24	60,396	2,517	27,108,561	1,129,523
Flood	158	51,020	323	663,187,348	4,197,388
Volcano	-	-	-	-	-

Natural Disaster Risk Hotspots (Weighted by Proportion of GDP Impacted)

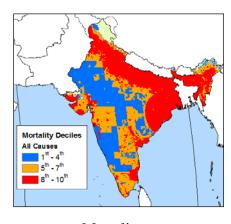


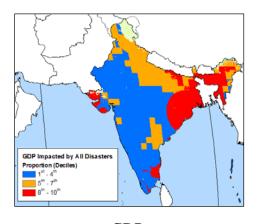
Demographic Information:

Floods

Population within 1km of coast	Population within 2 km of coast	Infant Mortality Rate
1,642,855	3,398,071	57.92

Multi-Hazard Disaster Risk Hotspots (All Hazards combined and weighted by **Mortality and Proportion of GDP Impacted)**



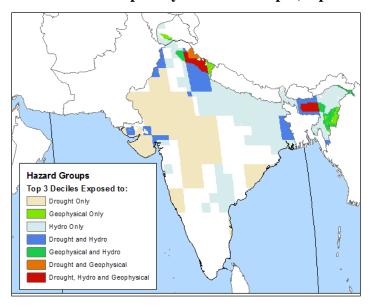


Landslides

Mortality **GDP**



Multi-Hazard Disaster Risk Hotspots by Hazard Groups (Top Three Deciles)



Observations

Floods and droughts significantly impact the majority of India though they are most prevalent in the northwestern and eastern regions respectively. Geophysical hazards affect the Himalayan region in the north and northeastern portions of the country where they rank in high deciles for mortality and lower deciles for GDP impact. Cyclones influence a relatively small area of the country but have high-ranking mortality and GDP weighted impacts. Lastly, both the multi-hazard mortality and GDP maps demonstrate that almost the entire country is significantly impacted by at least one hazard and mortality impacts are particularly concentrated in the north and northeastern regions.

